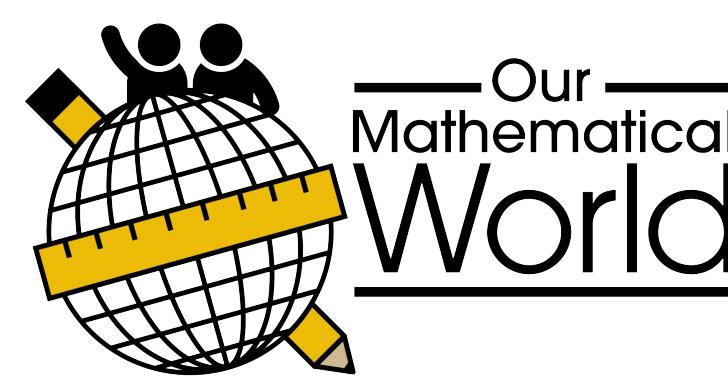


The Development of Storybooks Supporting Elementary Students' Math Identity, Executive Function, and Word Problem Solving



Caroline Byrd Hornburg¹, Amanda S. Mayes², Tamika L. McElveen³, Sarah R. Powell⁴, Gigliana Melzi⁵, Nydia Prishker⁶, Ninie Asad¹, Isabel Valdivia¹, Ma Bernadette Andres-Salgarino⁷, Le M. Tran⁴, Michael D. Eiland², Sarah H. Eason², Sara A. Schmitt⁸, & David J. Purpura²

¹Virginia Tech, ²Purdue University, ³Miami University, ⁴The University of Texas at Austin, ⁵New York University, ⁶St. Thomas Aquinas College, ⁷Santa Clara County Office of Education, ⁸University of Oregon

Contact: Caroline Hornburg, chornburg@vt.edu, [@cbhornburg](https://twitter.com/cbhornburg)



Background

- Executive function (EF) skills and mathematics skills are related.¹
- Math self-concept is linked to math achievement,² and students' mathematics vocabulary also predicts math achievement.³
- To achieve racial and socioeconomic equity in math education, there is a critical need to help students, particularly Black and Latine/x students and students experiencing poverty, build strong identity and agency in math while using an instructional approach that supports EF skills.^{4, 5}
- Our team created Our Mathematical World (OMW), a nine-week curriculum overlay with a sequential set of activities designed to center students as strong math problem solvers who intentionally use EF skills.
- Central to OMW is a book series showcasing PULSE (Pause, Understand and Remember, Lay It Out, Solve, Evaluate), a project-specific metacognitive approach that integrates EF and problem-solving skills.

Method

Participants:

- N = 111 students from 8 classrooms at one school in the Western U.S. (18 3rd grade, 39 4th grade, 34 5th grade, 20 7th grade); 52% female; 75% Latine/x, 10% Asian, 7% Multiracial; 50% highest caregiver education a high school diploma or less
- N = 7 teachers (3 from the OMW co-design team); 71% female

Measures:

- Students completed pretest and posttest measures of math identity, EF, problem solving, and math vocabulary (administered by researchers).
- After the program, a subset of students (N = 42) answered questions about their experience with OMW.
- Teachers completed brief surveys after implementation of each book and at the end of the entire program.

Book #	Title	PULSE Focus	Example Problem
1	Pilar Pauses to Solve Problems	(P) Take a deep breath and focus	$25 + ? = 48$
2	Uriah Understands and Lamar Lays Out a Plan	(U) Read the problem and keep information in mind. (L) Create a plan.	$36 / 6 = ?$
3	Simone Solves and Eduardo Evaluates	(S) Find a solution. (E) Does the solution make sense?	$750 / 50 = ?$
4	Problem Solving with Sweet Treats	Entire PULSE approach	$4 \times \frac{1}{2} = ?$
5	Solving Problems to Plan for Field Day Fun	Entire PULSE approach	$600 / 5 = ?$

Storybook Development

- Each book was co-designed by educators, students, and researchers.
- Each book features Black and Latine/x youth engaged in math problem-solving in different community contexts (e.g., food drive).
- Our team consulted with a children's book author to create the initial storyline and math focus, increasing in difficulty across the series.
- After initial co-design, books were translated to Spanish by scholars representative of different Latine/x communities.
- Books were piloted in multiple phases, and we used both teacher and student feedback to improve the books (e.g., character names, exact text per page, and illustrations) before the 2022-2023 pilot year.

